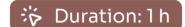
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Tweak your lessons with the power of Al

A journey into mysterious art









Students can understand short narratives and descriptions of someone's life that are written in simple words.

Students can describe people, places and possessions in simple terms.

Warm-up

Exercise 1: Look at these famous paintings and answer the questions below.

Do you know the artists?

Have you ever tried painting or drawing before?

Which one/ones do you like the most and why?

If yes, what did you draw/paint?













>> Interesting fact

DRAW

When you **draw**, you use pencils or pens to make lines on paper.

PAINT

When you **paint**, you use brushes and paint to create images on a canvas or paper. You can use many different colours and mix them.

Reading

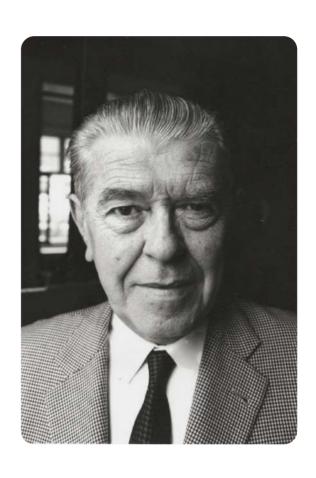
Exercise 2: Read the article about a famous surrealist painter - René Magritte. You can look up some unfamiliar words in the glossary below the text.

René Magritte was a Belgian artist who lived from 1898 to 1967. He was famous for his **unique** style of surrealism, which means he painted things that were not real or were impossible in real life. Magritte was a **quiet** and **private person** who liked **to keep to himself**. He didn't like to talk about his paintings or **explain their meanings**. Instead, he wanted people **to come up with** their own **interpretations**.

One of Magritte's most famous works is called "The Son of Man". It shows a man in a suit with an apple in front of his face. The man's face is hidden, so we don't know who he is. Some people think the apple **represents** knowledge or temptation, while others think it's just a **random** object. The **background** is a cloudy blue sky, which adds to the **mysterious feeling** of the painting.

Another painting by Magritte is called "The Treachery of Images". It shows a pipe with the words "Ceci n'est pas une pipe" written underneath, which means "This is not a pipe" in French. This is a **strange** thing to write because the picture clearly shows a pipe. But Magritte wanted people to think about how we see things and how they are shown in art. Just because we see something in a painting doesn't mean it's real.

Magritte used simple colours in his paintings. He often used these colours to create a **dream-like** atmosphere. Overall, René Magritte was a unique and interesting artist who created some of the most **recognisable** paintings of the 20th century.





∜ Glossary

hidden - located in a place where nobody can see it

underneath - below

temptation - the desire to do or have something that you know is bad or wrong **surrealism** - a 20th century style and movement in art and literature in which images and

events that are not connected are put together in a strange or impossible way, like a dream **treachery** - hurting somebody who trusts you

Vocabulary

Exercise 3: Match the words in bold from the text with the following definitions:

f. to tell what something means	solution, or plan
c. easy to know or identify	, solution, or plan
d. to find an answer / to create something, such as an idea e. the particular way in which something is understood or f. to tell what something means	
k. someone who speaks little and prefers to listen l. someone who does not share much information with oth m. to stay alone and avoid contact with other people n. unusual or surprising Exercise 4: Match the halves of the collocation Magritte. Then match all additional collocation logical to you. Check together with the teach Collocations from the text: 1. unique 2. a random 3. to explain 4. mysterious 5. a quiet / private 6. to keep 7. a dream-like 8. to come 9. a cloudy blue i. sky	explained
g. to symbolize something else, often through visual or sy h. having a special and uncommon way of expressing your i. something that happens or chosen without a specific register j. surreal and magical	
g. to symbolize something else, often through visual or sy h. having a special and uncommon way of expressing your i. something that happens or chosen without a specific register j. surreal and magical	
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I. someone who does not share much information with other. to stay alone and avoid contact with other people	ason
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6. to keep f. atme 7. a dream-like g. per 8. to come h. styl 9. a cloudy blue i. sky	-
7. a dream-like g. per 8. to come h. styl 9. a cloudy blue i. sky	osphere
9. a cloudy blue i. sky	
	€
10. recognisable j. up w	
	ith their own interpretations
Other possible collocations:	

Reading

Exercise 5: Circle the right answer to each question:

1. What was René Magritte known for?

- a) Painting realistic objects
- b) Painting things that were not real or were impossible in real life
- c) Painting landscapes
- d) Painting portraits

2. How did René Magritte feel about explaining the meanings of his paintings?

- a) He enjoyed it
- b) He didn't like to talk about his paintings or explain their meanings
- c) He only explained the meanings of his most famous paintings
- d) He wanted people to come up with their own interpretations, but he also explained his

3. What is the name of one of René Magritte's most famous works?

- a) The Man with the Apple
- b) The Son of God
- c) The Son of Man
- d) The Man with the Suit

4. What is the apple in "The Son of Man" thought to represent?

- a) Knowledge or temptation
- b) A random object
- c) The man's face
- d) The mysterious feeling of the painting

5. What is the background of "The Son of Man"?

- a) A clear blue sky
- b) A cloudy blue sky
- c) A green field
- d) A dark forest

6. What is the name of another painting by René Magritte?

- a) The Betrayal of Images
- b) The Treachery of Images
- c) The Deception of Images
- d) The Illusion of Images

7. What is written underneath the pipe in "The Treachery of Images"?

- a) "This is a pipe"
- b) "This is not a pipe"
- c) "This is a painting"
- d) "This is not a painting"

8. What was René Magritte trying to make people think about with "The Treachery of Images"?

- a) How we see things and how they are represented in art
- b) The difference between a pipe and a painting of a pipe
- c) The meaning of the French language
- d) The importance of writing in art

9. What kind of atmosphere did René Magritte often create in his paintings?

- a) Realistic
- b) Dream-like
- c) Dark
- d) Bright

Writing (Homework)

Imagine that you are an art critic and write a review of this painting. Describe your interpretation of the painting and how it makes you feel. Use collocations from the text as well as additional collocations from Exercise 4.

This painting shows ...
This painting is...
The background is ...
In the painting, we can see ...
The atmosphere is ...
I think that the painter wanted to ...
It makes me feel ...



Correct answers and teaching tips

Exercise 1.

Created in the "Discussion questions" tool

First row: P. Picasso - Mediterranean Landscape; R.Magritte - The Treachery of Images, P. Picasso - Weeping Woman.

Second row: S. Dali - The Persistence of Memory; R. Magritte - The Lovers, S. Dali - Desert

Exercise 2.

The text was created in the "Create a text" tool

Exercise 3.

Created in the "Word-definition marching" tool

a. mysterious feeling h. unique
b. background i. random
c. recognizable j. dream-like
d. to come up with k. quiet

e. interpretationf. explain their meaningsl. private personm. to keep to himself

g. represent n. strange

Exercise 4.

Created in the "Matching Halves" tool

1. h	Other possible collocations:
2. c	
3. d	a unique object / feeling / atmosphere / person
4. e	a random feeling / person
5. g	to explain a feeling
6. a	mysterious object / atmosphere / person / style / sky
7. f	a dream-like object
8. j	to represent a feeling
9. i	
10. b	

Exercise 5.

Created in the "Creative writing with target vocabulary" tool

- 1. b 2. b
- 3. c
- ٠. c
- 4. a
- 5. b 6. b
- 8. b
- 9. a
- 10. b